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Supporters of Marcos March On U.S. Embassy in Manila

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MANILA, April 15 — Several thousand Filipinos supporting Ferdinand E. Marcos marched on the United States Embassy today, and hundreds camped outside overnight in anticipation of a larger demonstration called Wednesday against the United States treatment of the former President.

Their march coincided with a Marcos telephone call, his second in a week and a half, to a sympathetic Manila radio station. He complained that the United States had humiliated and deceived him when it helped him flee in February.

Mr. Marcos, speaking from his rented house in Hawaii, told the Filipino people today that he would ask President Reagan to let him return home if they wanted him.

"The justice that I knew was identified with the United States is lost as far as I am concerned," he said. "They are humiliating me."

There was no evidence that his call was coordinated with the demonstrators, who beat drums, shouted slogans and scrawled anti-American graffiti on the whitewashed embassy gateposts. They did not try to enter the embassy compound or challenge the few policemen who were visible.

"We want the imperialist Americans to bring President Marcos back to Manila," shouted Juan Castello Jr., a 25-year-old in a white T-shirt, while other youths cheered. "We will not leave the American Embassy until President Marcos is brought back."

The demonstrations for Mr. Marcos, which have been organized here since last week, have taken on an increasingly anti-American tone. The young demonstrators today, who appeared mostly from Manila's urban poor, burned an American flag earlier and shouted insults, but they were not hostile to a reporter who interviewed them tonight at the embassy gate.

"There is a conspiracy within the American Government to kidnap our President," said Arnold de los Reyes, who said he had seen United States marines take Mr. Marcos from Malacanang Palace on Feb. 25. Others argued that it was the Central Intelligence Agency that had spirited him away.

The United States air strikes against Libya were never raised by dozens of loyalists who vied to give their views

But their charges of United States imperialism was a familiar theme used by some anti-Marcos protesters before he lost power.

Several loyalists said Mr. Marcos would expel the United States from its large air and naval bases in the Philippines when he returned. President Corazon C. Aquino has said that the bases could remain until 1991, when the treaty expires, and the Filipino people would vote on their fate in a referendum.

"Americans directly or indirectly are meddling in the affairs of the Filipinos," said Joe Acong, adding that he no longer wanted the bases. "I love the Americans, but why do they interfere?"

Mr. Marcos told the radio station that Mrs. Aquino's Government was invalid, and predicted that the demonstrations seeking his return would "spread like a flame."

Mrs. Aquino's Minister of Information, Teddy Locsin, told reporters that the President did not think the demonstrations could grow into a threat to her Government. Her officials have played down the protests, describing them as a boisterous exercise of free speech.

A clash between the police and pro-Marcos protesters Monday in the San Juan district of Greater Manila left one person dead and at least 80 injured, according to reports this morning.

The violence broke out after the authorities tried to disband supporters of former San Juan Mayor, Joseph Estrada, a Marcos backer, who were barricading the municipal building to protest his replacement by an Aquino appointee. Stones were thrown and the police opened fire.

Mrs. Aquino's spokesman, Rene Saguisag, said that the police chief of San Juan, Enrique Aguinaldo, had been relieved of his duties. The Aquino spokesman has stressed that the police are instructed to exercise "maximum tolerance" toward the demonstrators.

In his telephone call today, Mr. Marcos said Arturo Tolentino, his vice-presidential running mate in the February elections, should be sworn in as acting President.

"We shall return, but the people must be united and they have to ask me to come back," Mr. Marcos told the radio station today.